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59	(c) the minor's history of prior criminal acts;
60	(d) whether detention in a juvenile detention facility will adequately serve the need for
61	community protection pending the outcome of any criminal proceedings;
62	(e) whether the minor's placement in a juvenile detention facility will negatively impact
63	the functioning of the facility by compromising the goals of the facility to maintain a safe,
64	positive, and secure environment for all minors within the facility;
65	(f) the relative ability of the facility to meet the needs of the minor and protect the
66	public;
67	(g) whether the minor presents an imminent risk of harm to the minor or others within
68	the facility:
69	(h) the physical maturity of the minor;
70	(i) the current mental state of the minor as evidenced by relevant mental health or
71	psychological assessments or screenings that are made available to the court; and
72	(j) any other factors the court considers relevant.
73	(6) A minor ordered to a juvenile detention facility under Subsection (5) shall remain
74	in the facility until released by a district court judge, or if convicted, until sentencing.
75	(7) A minor held in a juvenile detention facility under this section shall have the same
76	right to bail as any other criminal defendant.
77	(8) If the minor ordered to a juvenile detention facility under Subsection (5) attains the
78	age of 18 years, the minor $\hat{\mathbf{H}} \rightarrow [\underline{\mathbf{will}}]$ shall $\leftarrow \hat{\mathbf{H}}$ be transferred within 30 days to an adult jail
78a	until released by
79	the district court judge, or if convicted, until sentencing.
80	(9) A minor 16 years of age or older whose conduct or condition endangers the safety
81	or welfare of others in the juvenile detention facility may, by court order that specifies the
82	reasons, be detained in another place of confinement considered appropriate by the court,
83	including jail or other place of pretrial confinement for adults.
84	Section 2. Section 78A-6-702 is amended to read:
85	78A-6-702. Serious youth offender Procedure.
86	(1) Any action filed by a county attorney, district attorney, or attorney general charging
87	a minor 16 years of age or older with a felony shall be by criminal information and filed in the
88	juvenile court if the information charges any of the following offenses:
89	(a) any felony violation of:

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152	(c) the minor's history of prior criminal acts;
153	(d) whether detention in a juvenile detention facility will adequately serve the need for
154	community protection pending the outcome of any criminal proceedings;
155	(e) whether the minor's placement in a juvenile detention facility will negatively impact
156	the functioning of the facility by compromising the goals of the facility to maintain a safe,
157	positive, and secure environment for all minors within the facility;
158	(f) the relative ability of the facility to meet the needs of the minor and protect the
159	public;
160	(g) whether the minor presents an imminent risk of harm to the minor or others within
161	the facility;
162	(h) the physical maturity of the minor;
163	(i) the current mental state of the minor as evidenced by relevant mental health or
164	psychological assessments or screenings that are made available to the court; and
165	(j) any other factors the court considers relevant.
166	(8) If a minor is ordered to a juvenile detention facility under Subsection (7), the minor
167	shall remain in the facility until released by a district court judge, or if convicted, until
168	sentencing.
169	(9) A minor held in a juvenile detention facility under this section shall have the same
170	right to bail as any other criminal defendant.
171	(10) If the minor ordered to a juvenile detention facility under Subsection (7) attains
172	the age of 18 years, the minor shall be transferred within 30 days to an adult jail until released
173	by the district court judge, or if convicted, until sentencing.
174	(11) A minor 16 years of age or older whose conduct or condition endangers the safety
175	or welfare of others in the juvenile detention facility may, by court order that specifies the
176	reasons, be detained in another place of pretrial confinement considered appropriate by the
177	court, including jail or other place of confinement for adults.
178	(12) $\hat{\mathbf{H}} \rightarrow [\underline{\mathbf{A}}]$ The $\leftarrow \hat{\mathbf{H}}$ district court may $\hat{\mathbf{H}} \rightarrow [\underline{\mathbf{review}}]$ reconsider $\leftarrow \hat{\mathbf{H}}$ the decision
178a	$\hat{\mathbf{H}} \rightarrow [\underline{\mathbf{made by the juvenile court}}] \leftarrow \hat{\mathbf{H}} \underline{\mathbf{on where the}}$
179	minor will be held pursuant to Subsection (6).
180	[(6)] (13) If an indictment is returned by a grand jury charging a violation under this
181	section, the preliminary examination held by the juvenile court judge need not include a finding
182	of probable cause that the crime alleged in the indictment was committed and that the

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276	(h) the physical maturity of the minor;
277	(i) the current mental state of the minor as evidenced by relevant mental health or
278	psychological assessments or screenings that are made available to the court; and
279	(j) any other factors the court considers relevant.
280	(9) If a minor is ordered to a juvenile detention facility under Subsection (8), the minor
281	shall remain in the facility until released by a district court judge, or if convicted, until
282	sentencing.
283	(10) A minor held in a juvenile detention facility under this section shall have the same
284	right to bail as any other criminal defendant.
285	(11) If the minor ordered to a juvenile detention facility under Subsection (8) attains
286	the age of 18 years, the minor shall be transferred within 30 days to an adult jail until released
287	by the district court judge, or if convicted, until sentencing.
288	(12) A minor 16 years of age or older whose conduct or condition endangers the safety
289	or welfare of others in the juvenile detention facility may, by court order that specifies the
290	reasons, be detained in another place of confinement considered appropriate by the court,
291	including jail or other place of confinement for adults.
292	(13) $\hat{\mathbf{H}} \rightarrow [\underline{\mathbf{A}}]$ The $\leftarrow \hat{\mathbf{H}}$ district court may $\hat{\mathbf{H}} \rightarrow [\underline{\mathbf{review}}]$ reconsider $\leftarrow \hat{\mathbf{H}}$ the decision
292a	$\hat{\mathbf{H}} \rightarrow [\underline{\mathbf{from the juvenile court}}] \leftarrow \hat{\mathbf{H}}$ on where the
293	minor shall be held pursuant to Subsection (7).
294	[(7)] <u>(14)</u> If the court finds the state has met its burden under Subsection (2), the court
295	may enter an order:
296	(a) certifying that finding; and
297	(b) directing that the minor be held for criminal proceedings in the district court.
298	[(8)] (15) If an indictment is returned by a grand jury, the preliminary examination held
299	by the juvenile court need not include a finding of probable cause, but the juvenile court shall
300	proceed in accordance with this section regarding the additional consideration referred to in
301	Subsection (2)(b).
302	[(9)] (16) The provisions of Section 78A-6-115, Section 78A-6-1111, and other
303	provisions relating to proceedings in juvenile cases are applicable to the hearing held under this
304	section to the extent they are pertinent.
305	[(10)] (17) A minor who has been directed to be held for criminal proceedings in the
306	district court is not entitled to a preliminary examination in the district court.